

VOL. XII, NO. 17.

LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1895.

PRICE THREE CENTS

ELECTION DAY

Five Tickets in the Field in
Ohio This Year.

DEMOCRATIC CHANCES GOOD

FOR ELECTION OF THE STATE AND
LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

A Heavy Vote Being Polled Over the
State—Early Voters Were Out
Everywhere—Allen County Democrats
Now Appear to Be Sure Winners on the
Entire Ticket.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 5.—The election
in Ohio is known as the general
State election, including members of
the Legislature and State officers,
except those of Secretary of State
and School Commissioners. There
were five tickets in the field, as fol-
lows:

DEMOCRATIC.

Governor..... James E. Campbell
Lieut. Gov..... John B. Peaslee
Auditor..... James W. Knott
Treasurer..... Wm. B. Snobar
Atty Gen'l..... Geo. A. Fairbanks
Judge Sup. Court..... Wm. T. Mooney
Member B. P. W..... Harry B. Keffer
Clerk Sup. Court..... J. W. Cruikshank

REPUBLICAN.

Governor..... Asa S. Bushnell
Lieut. Gov..... Ashel W. Jones
Auditor..... Walter D. Guilbert
Treasurer..... Samuel B. Campbell
Atty Gen'l..... Frank S. Monnett
Judge Sup. Court..... Theo. A. Minshall
Member B. P. W..... Ed L. Lybarger
Clerk Sup. Court..... Josiah E. Allen

PROHIBITION.

Governor..... Seth H. Ellis
Lieut. Gov..... Joseph W. Sharp
Auditor..... Arthur S. Eaton
Treasurer..... John H. Hawkins
Atty Gen'l..... Wesley C. Bates
Judge Sup. Court..... John T. Moore
Member B. P. W..... James Benjamin
Clerk Sup. Court..... David P. Spicer

PEOPLE'S.

Governor..... Jacob S. Coxey
Lieut. Gov..... John H. Crofton
Auditor..... Charles Bonnell
Treasurer..... Geo. W. Harper
Atty Gen'l..... Wm. Baker
Judge Sup. Court..... Everett D. Stark
Member B. P. W..... Wm. A. Gloyd
Clerk Sup. Court..... Thos. N. Nickman

SOCIALISTIC LABOR.

Governor..... Wm. Watkins
Lieut. Gov..... W. E. Krumroy
Auditor..... Dan Wallace
Treasurer..... Geo. T. Brewster
Atty Gen'l..... John Schuch
Judge Sup. Court..... Chas. Odenhal
Member B. P. W..... John Schuch
Clerk Sup. Court..... Chas. Odenhal

The prohibitionists made an ag-
gressive campaign and expect to poll
between 20,000 and 30,000 votes out
of a total vote in the State of 300,
000. The Populists and Socialists
have had no thorough organization
or general canvass and their votes
will be light.

The silver question has not been
an issue in this State, as both Dem-
ocratic and also the Republican plat-
forms declare strongly for sound
money, and their respective candi-
dates are in accord with the same.

With Governor McKinley endorsed
in the Republican platform for pres-
ident, the tariff has been the most
distinctive issue. The Democratic
platform endorsed the present tariff
law and strongly denounced "McKin-
ley Tariff."

Ex-Governor Campbell, who is also
considered a presidential candidate,
in his canvass against General Asa S.
Bushnell for governor, spoke mostly
on State issues, attacking the Re-
publican State administration and
charging its legislation with corrup-
tion. He also held that Cincinnati
was controlled by a ring and that
same ring controlled the last Repub-
lican State convention and was seek-
ing to control the State administra-
tion.

These general State elections occur
in Ohio every two years and the
presidential election comes in one of
the alternate years, so that there is
only one year out of four that there
are only a few minor State officers to
be elected. In 1892 Ohio gave a Re-
publican plurality of only 1,000,
electing one presidential elector out
of the college of twenty-three. In
1893 McKinley had over 80,000 plu-
rality for Governor, and last year the
Republican plurality on the State
ticket was 137,000, so that the Dem-
ocratic managers claim they will be
able to show great gains over the re-
cent votes in the State, even if they
do not carry their State ticket or
elect a majority of the members of
the legislature at this time.

The polls close in Cincinnati and
Cleveland at 4 p. m., and in all other
parts of the State at 5:30 p. m. With
the long county tickets that are at-
tached to the State tickets this year,
the counting is not likely to be com-
pleted at an early hour.

The vote on the head of the ticket
this year will be compared with the
vote on the head of the tickets in

1892 when McKinley and Neal were
candidates for Governor.

As this is the third canvass Hon
James E. Campbell has made for Gov-
ernor, a summary of results since he
entered Ohio politics is given. He
was elected in 1888 by a plurality of
4,125 over Hon. J. B. Foraker, who
was at that time making his fourth
consecutive canvass as the Republi-
can candidate for Governor. Judge
Foraker was defeated by Judge Hoad-
ley in 1887. In 1885 Foraker defeat-
ed Hoadley and in 1887 he defeated
Hon. T. E. Powell. In 1889 Foraker
was defeated by Campbell, the former
having been elected twice and defeat-
ed twice.

In 1890 the plurality of D. J. Ryan,
Rep., over T. E. Cromley, Dem., for
Secretary of State was 10,969.

In 1891 the plurality of Wm. Mc-
Kinley, Jr., Rep., over James E.
Campbell, Dem., was 21,511.

In 1892 the average Republican
plurality of Harrison electors over
Cleveland electors was 1,072 and one
Democratic elector out of the Ohio
college of 23 was elected.

In 1893 the plurality of Wm. Mc-
Kinley, Jr., Rep., over Lawrence T.
Neal, Dem., for Governor was 80,995.

In 1894 the plurality of S. M. Tay-
lor, Rep., over Milton Turner, Dem.,
for Secretary of State, was 137,086.

The total vote in 1893 was \$35,604
and in 1894 it was 777,119.

There were 2884 voting precincts
in Ohio in 1893. There are now 2,
952 precincts in the state. In 1893
the Republican average per precinct
was 153 and the Democratic average
per precinct was 122.

There are 257 precincts in Hamil-
ton county of which 191 are in Cin-
cinnati. There are 196 precincts in
Cuyahoga county including Cleve-
land.

OVER THE STATE.

Fair Weather Prevails Generally and a
Heavy Vote Is Being Cast.

Cincinnati weather slightly cloudy,
but pleasant. Very heavy early vote
poll in the city and county.

Findlay: Weather warm and bright.
Vote will be larger than for two
years.

Massillon: Day fine. Heavy vote.
Coxey's vote likely to be handsome.

Ironton: Weather clear and cool;
Unusually activity at polling places.
A heavy vote to be polled. The
tickets are being scratched consider-
ably.

Zanesville: Slight indications of
rain. A heavy vote is being polled.
Dayton: Weather bright and
bracing. Prospects of a very large
vote being polled. Exciting struggle
over county ticket and for representa-
tive.

Cleveland: Clear and pleasant.
Early voting was light, owing to
small registration.

Columbus: Weather good. Local
interest in State ticket has not been
greater for years.

Youngstown: Weather delightful.
Unusual interest taken in the elec-
tion. Heavy vote is being cast.

Akron—An ideal day. All workers
of both parties out. Registration
heavy but early vote light.

Newark—Bright weather. Very
heavy vote. Both sides claim vic-
tory.

Hamilton—Weather fine. Very
heavy early vote, Campbell visited
different precincts this morning.

Cincinnati—At noon from nearly
every precinct comes the same story
of heavy vote and considerable
scratching, mainly in the county and
legislative ticket. Skilled observers
of elections are unable to forecast re-
sults, but both parties find cause for
hope in heavy vote.

Columbus—Reports received at
Democratic and Republican head-
quarters indicate larger vote during
forenoon than ever known.

Richmond, Va.: Democratic tick-
et will win easily in Virginia. Light
vote.

Des Moines, Iowa: Good weather
all over State. Vote lighter than
last governor's election.

Kansas City: Impossible to tell
from noon returns what will be re-
sult in Kansas. Vote heavy.

Canton: Weather fair and warm.
Early vote heavy. Lively interest
in legislative and county tickets.
Gov. McKinley voted at nine o'clock
and started to Columbus at ten.

Columbus—Chairman Anderson, of
the Democratic Committee, says
Campbell will carry the State outside
of Cincinnati, but he has no advices
from Cincinnati. Republican State
headquarters still claim plurality out-
side of Cincinnati, and that Cin-
cinnati will go Republican. Gen. Bush-
nell was among the early voters at
Springfield.

Cincinnati: Women in Covington
and Newport for members of school
board. They came out in large num-
bers and were provided with separate
booths.

A special from Winchester, Ohio,
states it was the most exciting
and corrupt election ever held in
Adams county. It stated votes were
openly bought at from two to fifteen
dollars apiece.

Job Printers Strike.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 5.—The union job
printers of Minneapolis struck for 30
cents an hour and a 9-hour day. They
have been getting 26 2-8 cents per hour
for a 10-hour day. Nearly 200 men are
out.

HORRIBLE

Little Ida Gaskins Assaulted
and Murdered.

A LYNCHING MAY FOLLOW

TO AVENGE THIS WANTON CRIME
COMMITTED LATE SUNDAY NIGHT.

Body of the Murdered Child Found With
the Imprint of Cruel Fingers on Her
Throat—Damaging Evidence of Guilt
Discovered on the Person of George Mor-
gan.

OMAHA, Nov. 5.—Ida Gaskins
murdered body was found in a small
outbuilding in the rear of 1807 1/2
Howard street, in the business district
of Omaha, at 2 o'clock Monday morning.
She had been outraged and murdered.
Within an hour George Morgan, Ed
Sanford and Henry Hooker, all young
men, were in custody charged with the
crime.

Ida Gaskins was 11 years old. Her
mother, a widow, lives on the third
floor of a tenement house at 1814 How-
ard street. Ida was missed from her
home early in the evening. Her mother
searched for her, but failed to find any
trace of the missing girl. At about 11
o'clock she reported to the police station
that her daughter had disappeared.
When the police search developed the
murder three hours later a rigorous in-
vestigation led to the arrest of Hooker
on suspicion. While all were out of the
room save Mrs. Gaskins, her little son
and a reporter the little boy remarked:
"I know who killed Ida." On being
questioned he said that during the after-
noon "George and Ed sent me upstairs
to tell Ida they wanted her."

The reporter learned that "George
and Ed" were Morgan and Sanford and
that they occupied rooms on the floor
below. Hurriedly calling an officer the
reporter secured the arrest of the pair.
At the station most damaging evidence
was found on Morgan's person.

The little girl was choked to death,
her throat showing plainly where the
cruel fingers had left their imprint.
Hooker is a driver of a coal wagon and
had been a friend of the Gaskins family.
Morgan is a collarmaker by trade, but
has been out of employment for some
time. Sanford works for the Crane
Elevator company. It is the opinion of
the police that the case is conclusive
against Morgan.

The feeling is so intense against the
murderers of little Ida Gaskins that
the mobbers were hastily taken to the peni-
tentiary. Excited citizens appointed a
committee to go through the jail, and
were satisfied they had been offered
much feeling exists, but no further dis-
turbance is probable.

ONLY A QUESTION OF TIME

Until England Shall Obtain Control of
Nicaragua Canal.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Commenting upon
the Nicaragua canal, The Chronicle says
this morning: "In face of the present
feeling in America over Venezuela and
Monrovia there is not much inducement
for a British partnership. Still,
a congressional guarantee is not every-
thing, and undoubtedly our money will
be needed, and with France deeply in-
volved at Panama, we stand in relation
to the Nicaragua enterprise, in a
stronger position than we did when De
Lesseps commenced the Suez canal
works."

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 5.—The follow-
ing articles of incorporation have been
filed in the office of the secretary of state:
The Penn Oil company, Toledo, capital
stock \$45,000; the Maumee Valley Spirit-
ualists' association, Bowling Green; the
Neoreamer and Johnston company, Col-
umbus, capital stock \$15,000.

May Prove Fatal.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 5.—During a per-
formance of Cooper Brothers' circus
Anna Moretti, who was riding a bike on
a light wire 25 feet from the ground,
fell, striking on her head, and was
picked up unconscious. There is con-
cussion of the brain and the injury may
prove fatal.

A Steamer Sunk.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 5.—The steamer Joe
Peters, plying between this city and
Vicksburg, sank at 12 o'clock Sunday
night at Island Sixty-three, 120 miles
below this city while on her way down
to Vicksburg with a cargo of about 120
tons of miscellaneous freight.

Finger Ward Arrested.

TRUTHFULPA, Honduras, Nov. 5.—A.
K. Ward, embezzler and forger from
Memphis, Tenn., is under arrest here
and will voluntarily be turned over to
the United States authorities, notwith-
standing no extradition treaty exists.

The In Her Cargo.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 5.—The British
steamer Cuban, Captain Bertie, from
New Orleans, on Oct. 17, with a cargo
of 6,000 bales of cotton and 30,000
bushels of corn, reports that two broke
out in her cargo on Wednesday last.

Shot His Wife's Lover.

GEORGETOWN, Ky., Nov. 5.—Tom
Clay shot and dangerously wounded
Ulysses Grant. Clay claims Grant had
been running after his wife, and with a
shotgun met him on the road and em-
ptied a load of shot into his side.

How Did He Know It Was There?

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 5.—While
Mrs. Neil J. McIntosh was absent from
the house a thief entered, ripped open
a bedtick and stole \$1,000, the results of
years savings by her husband, who is a
miner.

TWO SIDES TO EASTERN STORY.

Turks Charge Armenians With Various
Acts of Lawlessness.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The Turkish
legation has received from the sublim-
e the following telegram under date
of Nov. 3:

"About 30 Armenians of Burech, vil-
lage of Burech, attacked some gen-
darmes and patrolling soldiers, killed a
number of Muslims and set fire to the
bazaar. The necessary measures
were taken for the preservation of order."

The authorities of Erzerum report
that about 200 Armenians, dressed in
costumes of Kurds and Lazis, sur-
rounded the village of Mamur, Tordjan,
inhabited by Muslims and Chris-
tians alike. They wrote, however, dis-
persed.

"The insurgents of Zidman attacked
the village of Telikouker Hassan,
wounding one Mussulman, killing his
wife and taking away his belongings.
They also attacked the village of Is-
maila (Marash) and burned three
houses. An Armenian of respectable
standing was arrested in the act of
making cartridges in his own house. A
few Armenian spies, dressed in the cos-
tumes of soldiers or of officials of the
Regie, were also arrested."

Five Leaders Executed.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—A despatch from
Shanghai says that the five leaders of
the K'n Cheng massacre were executed
at Fuchan on Monday.

The Doctor Dropped Dead.

PERD, Ind., Nov. 5.—Dr. J. W. Orm-
ley dropped dead while writing a
prescription.

THE JAPS.

Wish to Maintain the Inde-
pendence of Korea.

THE MINISTERS STATEMENT

IN WHICH HE CLEARLY DEFINES THE
POSITION OF JAPAN.

Japan Not Actuated by Purely Altruistic
Motives, But by a Desire to See the
Korean Government so Strengthened as
to be Able to Protect Foreigners and
Repress Internal Disorders.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The telegram
from the Japanese government to its
minister at Washington, announcing
authoritatively the policy of Japan in
Korea, has created a great deal of inter-
est in diplomatic circles. The Japanese
minister, when approached upon the
subject, said very frankly that this an-
nouncement of Japan's attitude toward
Korea could only be construed in one
way, namely, as an indication of the
earnest desire of the Japanese govern-
ment to remove all possible cause for
misapprehension upon the subject.
"Recent events in Korea," said Mr.
Kurino, "have unfortunately given rise
to the impression in some quarters that
Japan is seeking to exercise exclusive
control over that country, in other
words, to establish a protectorate.
Nothing could be further from the
truth than this supposition. In dealing
with Korea Japan has but one object,
the establishment and maintenance of
the independence of the Korean king-
dom."

In holding to this purpose the Japa-
nese government is not actuated by any
wish to control Korea or by any motive
of purely altruistic benevolence. Her
own interests demand that Korea shall
be independent and that the Korean
government shall be strong enough to
maintain order within the kingdom and
to protect foreigners residing there.

"Eighty per cent of Korea's trade is
with Japan; the regular lines of com-
munication between Korea and other
countries are entirely under Japanese
control, while large numbers of Japa-
nese reside in Korea for purposes of busi-
ness. Through the weak and vacillating
policy of the Korean government, largely
due formerly to the mischievous in-
fluences exerted by Chinese agents, all
of these interests were constantly en-
dangered. Internal disorder became
the rule rather than the exception in
Korea, and at every fresh outbreak it
was Japan and her subjects that suf-
fered most."

"It can be seen from this that Japan
had a strong motive, entirely different
from anything like an ambitious de-
sign to control the political destinies of
Korea in assuming and maintaining the
attitude she occupies."

"Korean affairs are still unhappily in
a most chaotic condition, and the best
meant efforts to improve the condition
of the government and the people are
hindered by obstacles which seem well
nigh insurmountable. Consequently
there has been some misunderstanding
in European departments concerning
the critical situation in Korea and the
true designs of Japan. All such doubts
have been removed by the declaration
of policy contained in the telegram from
my government, which is a clear and
succinct, and at the same time a very
frank statement of its true designs.
The presence of a large force of Japa-
nese troops in Korea has doubtless been
one reason why the impression has
gained ground that the Japanese gov-
ernment desires to establish a protec-
torate there."

COACH ROBBED

By Three Heavily Armed Men Near
Kingwood, W. Va.

KINGWOOD, W. Va., Nov. 5.—Three
heavily armed men held up a stagecoach
near this place in true bandit style. A
posse of officers pursued the highway-
men into Pennsylvania, where all trace
was lost. They are thought to be a part
of the old Cooley gang of outlaws.

HUMANE

Treatment Accorded to Six-
teen Spanish Soldiers.

RELEASED BY THE CUBANS.

ADIOS, VALENTES ESPANOLAS.
WAS THE PARTING SALUTE GIVEN.

Humane Treatment of Spanish Prisoners
by Cubans Causes Much Good Feeling
—Insurgents Capture Vessel Laden with
Provisions—Fort Dolores Besieged—
Spaniards Join the Rebels.

HAVANA, Nov. 5.—Details have been
received here from Cienfuegos regard-
ing the release of the 16 Spanish soldiers
who were captured by the insurgents in
the engagement fought at Tardio Ojo
de Agua. In that encounter 64 Spanish
soldiers had made a gallant stand
against 1,200 insurgents. The soldiers
were commanded by Colonel Valle,
Major Sanchez and Captains Navarro
and Rio, who were among those captured
and released by Rego, the insurgent
leader. The latter was the first to greet
the Spanish officers, and, embracing
Colonel Valle, he said: "Return to your
comrades, heroes, you are an honor to
the Spanish nation and I am proud to be
able to boast of descending from such
people." Then followed a touching
moment, during which the Spaniards
and the Cubans embraced each other
and bid each other farewell, the Cubans
shouting as the Spaniards went away,
"Adios, valientes espanoles."

The Spanish soldiers, nearly all of
whom were wounded, were well cared
for while in the hands of the insurgents
and eat at the same table as Rego.
The action of the Cubans has caused
no little good feeling toward them.
At Torno Burro, near Caibarien,
province of Santa Clara, the pilot boat
Mercedita, which was loaded with gro-
ceries, has been captured by the insur-
gents. The crew was released.

The inhabitants of the province of
Matanzas have raised bands of from 100
to 400 volunteers and detachments of
100 colored firemen have left for Santa
Clara. A body of 1,000 volunteers will
be mobilized in this vicinity and sent to
Matanzas.

The forces of the Borbon regiment
have left Caibarien for the relief of Fort
Dolores, which has been besieged by
the insurgent forces for two days.
Insurgent bands led by Caladron and
Bacallao to the number of 400 attacked
the fort at Sitio Grande, district of
Sagua, but were repulsed.

The insurgents laid an ambush at
Sa ado, in the province of Puerto Prin-
cipe, and fired upon the vanguard of
General Altamira, wounding one lieut-
enant and three soldiers.

The fear that the United States will
soon recognize the insurgents as bellig-
erents is driving many of the royalists
to suicide, many who have not the
nerve to suicide are joining the insur-
gents. It is estimated that at least 10
per cent of the troops sent from Spain
have joined the Cubans.

It is the general opinion here that
when the Cubans are recognized as bel-
ligerents by the United States and Gen-
eral Campos realizes the Spanish cause
is lost he will join the insurgents if
they will take him, and if not he will
commit suicide.

The Cubans say that within a very
short time after they are recognized as
belligerents they will have a formidable
fleet of warships in Cuban waters and
may in the future give Spain more
trouble than she wants. They intimate
that Spain may be annexed to the
Cuban republic.

Poisoned By Chinch Bugs.

PANA, Ill., Nov. 5.—Farmer Vincent
is reported in a dangerous condition
from poison taken into his system by
eating buckwheat cakes in which chinch
bugs were ground up in the meal.

Six Crews Struck.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 5.—Six crews on
the Western New York and Pennsyl-
vania railroad have struck. The strike
is confined to the Oil City yard and
everything is quiet. There is no block-
ade.

EXTENSIVE LOCKOUT.

Fifteen Thousand Employees Thrown Out
of Work.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The World says:
The Union Leather company, better
known as the Leather Trust, has shut
down the 100 factories under its con-
trol. Not another hide will be taken
from its plant for 30 days. During the
60 days that the 100 factories are closed
more than 15,000 laborers, tanners,
shoemakers and employees generally will be
without work. Several of the mills of
the combination have recently been a cut-
ting price extensively, which is stated
to be the cause of the present curtailing
of the latter's operations.

DUKE'S HEAD IS LEVEL.

Ostracisms Display Not Suited to soli-
cunity of the Occasion.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The bridemaids
and ushers who will assist at the wed-
ding of the Duke of Marlborough and
Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt held a pri-
vate rehearsal yesterday afternoon at
St. Thomas' church. Mrs. Vanderbilt
and Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt were
present and superintended the rehearsal.
The Duke of Marlborough was not
there, for he does not believe in the re-
hearsal, which to his idea is not becom-
ing to the solemnity of the occasion.

Betrayer of His Sister.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The trial of
David Hannigan for the murder of Sul-
oman H. Mann, the alleged betrayer of
his sister, was continued before Judge
Ingraham in the court of oyer and ter-
miner. The evidence adduced by the
defense was to establish the allegation
that at the request over his sister's re-
mains and on other occasions about that
time Hannigan acted strangely and ir-
rationally.

Will Try It Again.

GALLIPOLIS, O., Nov. 5.—A. Uffer-
man, a highly respected retired busi-
ness man of this city, attempted suicide
yesterday. He placed the muzzle of a
revolver in his nostril and pulled the
trigger. The ball plowed its way up-
ward and fractured the skull, making a
dangerous wound. Ufferman declares
he will try it again.

Switch Crew Out.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Nov. 5.—The
night crew of the Great Northern
switchmen quit at midnight, and this
is the only evidence so far of a strike.
The company has armed guards pro-
tecting the bridge over the Mississippi.
The A. R. U. officers say the strike will
not be declared effective until tonight.

Knocks Out Insurance.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 5.—Attorney
General Maloney has rendered an op-
inion that it is illegal for insurance
companies or agents to enter into an agree-
ment regarding rates for insurance, re-
bates, etc., and parties to all such agree-
ments are liable to prosecution under
the trust laws of the state.

Fatally Wounded.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Francis D. Dowd, a
resident of Somerville, was shot and
possibly fatally wounded in a Charles
town saloon last night because, it is
alleged, he charged Charles E. Johnson
of Melford with being a member of the
A. P. A.

Wholesale Cut.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—A reduction in
wages was ordered yesterday, which
extends over the entire system of the
Lake Erie and Western railroad. The
section men were cut from \$1.25 to \$1.10
per day, and rumors of a strike were
thick.

Cotton Mill Burned.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Nov. 5.—Simpson's
cotton mill, erected 65 years ago and
owned by Dean & Mitchell, was de-
stroyed by fire last night. The loss is
\$60,000, covered by insurance.

An Entire Crew Poisoned.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 5.—The en-
tire crew of the steamer Sakle was poi-
soned by eating pancakes in which some
bad soda had been used.

Shot the Conductor.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 5.—Conductor Rich-
ard Barnett, of the Lake Shore and
Michigan Southern railroad, was very
dangerously shot by a gang of train
robbers.

Election
Returns . . .
Show a decided increase in

Distress After Eating

Common from dyspepsia and indigestion among the most respectable people in the world.



"I was a great sufferer from indigestion. I got so bad I could scarcely walk. Everything I ate hurt me and I could retain very little on my stomach. I tried everything, but my trouble only grew worse. My wife was taking Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier, and induced me to try it. I took a few doses and my trouble was greatly relieved. I then took three more bottles, and am entirely cured. I am able to eat heartily without any distress. I cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla."

E. W. Nickerson, Pike's Peak, Indiana.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only true blood purifier prominently in the public eye. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills may be had, may be taken, may be given. No.

Oak and Pine.

Theoretically speaking, the oak is the wood which can be put to the greatest variety of uses, but, as a matter of fact, the pine is most used on account of its abundance. The timber of the oak, which combines in itself the essential elements of strength and durability, hardness and elasticity in a degree which no other tree can boast, has been used as a material for shipbuilding since the time of King Alfred. It is also employed in architecture, cabinet making, carving, mill work, coopering and a thousand and one other ways, while the bark is of great value as furnishing tan and yielding a bitter extract in continual demand for medicinal purposes.

The timber of the pine is also used in house and ship carpentry. Common turpentine is extracted from it, and much tar, pitch, resin and lampblack. Splinters of the resinous roots serve the fishermen instead of candles. Fishermen make ropes of the inner bark which the Kauchubulas and Laplanders steep in water and utilize for making a coarse kind of bread.

The oil obtained from the shoots of the dwarf pine is a kind of universal medicine among the peasants of Hungary, while the soft grained silver fir is in much request for the sounding boards of musical instruments, and the Gormus employ it almost exclusively in their saw-toy factories. In the manufacture of lucifer matches, and above all paper pulp, thousands and tens of thousands of acres of pine forests are cut down every year, and the timber, constituting the chief material of English and American buildings, is more used than all other kinds of wood put together.—London Times.

The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of East Brimfield, Mass., had been suffering from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there, sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain Balm was worth \$5.00 if it could not be had for less. For sale at 50 cents per bottle at Melville Bros., next to p. o. and C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Expenses of Traveling Salesman.

The traveling expenses of the commercial salesmen of the country foot up over \$300,000,000 a year, and their total salaries and commissions probably amount to about \$450,000,000. But these great sums, making together \$750,000,000, would not begin to pay for the cost and loss of time that would result were we to return to the old system of letting the customers do the traveling and visit the wholesalers in person. A good deal of pleasure, however, has been lost out of life by the change of methods. The retailers used to enjoy his occasional trips to the great cities to buy goods, while his daily life on the road is a bore to the drummer.

From a Findlay Mother.

"Having used Dr. Hand's Colic Cure for my baby, I can fully recommend it. I have used a great many medicines for baby colic, and none have done so much good. I will hereafter use no other remedy for colicky babies.—Mrs. L. Tanner, Findlay, Ohio." Dr. Hand's Colic Cure, Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and all of Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children sold by all druggists for 25c.

Get a Concert Course Ticket

and hear the best piano-playing our country affords. 15 35

Not Always Thus.

"He paid me the greatest compliment a man can pay to a woman." "Asked you to marry him," I supposed."

"No," he said I was the most manly woman he had ever met.—New York Recorder.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a woman, she clung to Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A SONG AT NIGHT.

Through drifting cloud there came the song
(The mocking bird is singing);
The castle walls by pasture lands
(The mocking bird is singing);
Down by the silver night winds blow,
On swaying grasses dewdrops glow,
The rose drive petals and as snow
(The mocking bird is singing).

The moonlight glows on the meadow plain
(The mocking bird is singing);
The gleaming white road softly winds
(The mocking bird is singing);
Around the meadow by the wall,
Where all the noise of day is still
And silent broods the whippoorwill
(The mocking bird is singing).

The moon of night above day's death
(The mocking bird is singing);
It needs no words, the thing he saith
(The mocking bird is singing);
With evermore that minor strain
Meant in the haunting sweet refrain,
Such as hearts sing when taught by pain
(The mocking bird is singing);
—Lucy N. McKay in Youth's Companion.

A PRINCESS' RANSOM.

"It is quite certain that they will shoot me," said Princess Karoly, looking her fellow prisoner squarely in the face. "My husband will never pay all those francs down for me. He will not think me worth it."

"The cur!" said the Irishman fiercely. The princess laughed softly.

"How do you know that I am worth it?" she asked lightly. "Believe me, Mr. Gildea, the world will say my husband is well rid of me. I was going to demand a separation from him in the autumn, and now—Ah, well! A scandal will be prevented, and the best of matters for my friends' sake is that their effect is lasting."

"Lasting indeed!" Gerald Gildea's eyes laughed back into hers. Then they grew grave again. "I'm glad little Lucy's ransom was so promptly paid."

"Are you engaged to her?" the princess asked quickly. "They told me so—in Ajaccio."

"They told you lies in Ajaccio, madame. Lucy is heart free for me."

"Oh!" And the princess laughed softly to herself. "And when will they pay your ransom, Mr. Gildea?"

"When yours is paid, madame."

"At the Greek kalends?" The princess' face was white under her sunburn, but her eyes laughed still. Gildea bent his head gravely.

"At the Greek kalends, princess. Did you expect it to be otherwise?"

"I—I—no. What need for more lies now, when we are going to die, Gerald?"

"No need at all—now. Do you know, princess, I have never heard your Christian name?"

"Have you not? It is not a pretty name—Zenobia."

"It is an imperious kind of name. It suits you."

"You think so? Ah, never mind! How old are you, Gerald? Twenty-five? And I am 30. Neither of us old, and yet neither of us very sorry that we shall have our throats cut in a day or so."

"Hush! Do not speak of it."

"But I must speak. I am curious. I wonder how it will feel—if it will hurt much. Like your Queen Anne Bullen, I have a little neck. I would rather be shot, I think, but these Corsicans are so ready with their knives. A-ah," and she shuddered a little, "do you believe in paradise and purgatory and all that, Gerald? I was a good Catholic once, but now—"

"I believe in everything, princess, although I am a Protestant."

"Ah, happy you!" the princess sighed.

"Have you a mother, Mr. Gildea, or a sister?"

"Both," Gerald Gildea answered, and for a moment there came into his blue eyes the shadow of a half conquered pain. It had beset him an hour or two before, when the American girl's ransom had arrived and she had turned to him for one moment with a dumb ecstasy in her eyes. She was going back to home and friends, her look seemed to say. Would not he at least send word to those who loved him of the peril in which he stood? The money would be paid at once, Gerald Gildea knew, but then he must leave behind the princess, she whom her friends called the loveliest and her enemies the worst woman in Russia. It was only death the princess need fear. Gildea knew, too, for he was aware that she had one bosom friend that would help her from any worse fate. And, so thinking, he made up his mind to abide the end with her.

"Our jailers are busy playing morra."

"Shall we play, too, Gerald? You do not know how? Fie! Come, shut your eyes and guess how many fingers I hold up—Well, what are you thinking of to make you look so grave? A woman? Tell me her name."

"Alice and Honor."

The princess' straight brows met in a frown.

"Two women?" she said, with an odd little laugh. "Are they pretty women, then? Tell me about them."

"My mother is lovely, not pretty," Gerald Gildea said gravely. "Honor is not pretty either, but she has the pleasantest face in the world."

"You speak as if you were sorry for her," the princess said in an altered voice. "Is your sister delicate?"

"She is a hopeless cripple. At least she will never be able to walk as long as she lives. But I ought not to have called her hopeless. There never was a merrier creature than my sister Honor."

"And your mother? Her name is Alice, you said. Tell me about her, Gerald."

"My mother—I have nothing to tell of her, princess."

"You said she was lovely. Is she fair or dark like you?"

"Dark like me. Darker, I think. Do not let us speak of my mother, princess."

"Ah!" the princess said under her breath. Then she leaned forward and laid her hand on the Irishman's locked fingers.

"My dear!" she whispered softly as her hand was taken and held tightly.

"My dear!"

The banditti were still playing morra.

LONDON



ANDERSON'S DRESS

though the moon was well up in the sky, and the losers were cursing in good set terms. But the prisoners were sleeping—that is to say, Gerald Gildea was sleeping as soundly as a child, with a heap of grass for a pillow, but though the shadow of a great rock was over the princess also, she was wide awake, and not a word of their captors' talk had she lost as she sat crouched in the shadows looking up at the slender sickle of the moon with wide, intent eyes. Presently she put her fingers into her ears to shut out the loud laughter and louder oaths, but the thoughts would not fall into coherent shape even then. Something thus they ran:

"They will kill us tonight. I heard them say so. I wonder if Gerald knows. How can he sleep like that? I am not a coward, yet I could not sleep. Or am I a coward, after all? I hardly know. Oh, me, I know nothing! I have wasted my life. What will Ivan say, I wonder? He can install La Mascotte in my rooms now. And how ill the blue satin will go with her red hair! Perhaps Ivan will be sorry for a little. He was fond of me once. Poor Ivan! I dare say it was more than half my fault that we were so unhappy. I wonder what they will do with us when we are dead. Will they bury us or throw us into the sea? They'll bury us, perhaps, because of the hue and cry. Are they moving over there? I think they are. I wonder I am not more frightened if I am a coward."

She closed her eyes for a moment, murmuring an incoherent little prayer.

"Forgive me and him—and make us happy somewhere, dear heaven. And make Ivan happy, too, and comfort those two women, Honor and Alice. And because he staid for my sake, do thou lay his death at my door. Amen, amen!"

Then she opened her eyes and took her fingers from her ears, for, as she said to herself, it did not become a Karoly to die huddled up like a rabbit in a burrow. They were whispering together again, and she listened eagerly.

"They have been drinking," she said to herself, patting her hand to the friend that lay snugly in the bosom of her gown.

"What is it they say? Whose beauty do they want to spoil? Please God, mine."

Then a wavering footstep came toward her, and a cold fear suddenly smote the princess, holding her fast so that she could not speak or shriek, though in some occult way she knew that her companion in danger was awake. Gildea rose up on his elbow and waited quietly. In her corner the princess crouched, listening intently. She could hear steps and whispers, and though not a sound came from Gildea she knew that they were about their devil's work. There was a dull silence, and then a very faint moon scarcely more than a sigh, but Princess Karoly heard it and leaped to her feet, thrusting her hand into her bosom. She went straight to the place where he lay, gave one steady look into the blinded eyes, and then, with something like a smile on her lips, drew her hand from her bosom and sent a merciful bullet straight into his heart. Then she dropped on her knees and caught the brown head to her bosom, kissing the marred face with heartbroken kisses and whispering tender words into the ears that could not hear her—tender words that now her husband hears her murmuring in her sleep of nights. For, five minutes after her bullet had found its billet in Gerald Gildea's heart, a mule came down the road from Ajaccio, laden with her ransom money. Again fate had been unkind to Princess Karoly.—Nora Hopper in Sketch.

Were we eloquent as angels, yet we should please some people more by listening than by talking.—Colton.

Out of 226,000 farms in Denmark only 1,900 are more than 250 acres in extent.

HANDSHAKING IN ENGLAND.

Its Etiquette Not Easy to Be Mastered by Foreign Visitors.

"On my first visit to England," says a man who is a persistent traveler, "I was given letters of introduction to a family living in the suburbs of Liverpool, which, on the day following my arrival in that city, I took occasion to present. I found the family, which consisted of a mother, her two daughters and a young lady friend, most charming. They were expecting me, their relatives in America having written them that I was coming, and I spent a most delightful hour in their home. At the same time I could not but feel that there was a certain something in the atmosphere of the call which was not quite right. Either I had done something which I ought not or I had left unperformed something which I ought to have done."

"As I brought my call to a close this feeling grew stronger, and as I bade the young ladies good day and bowed myself out of the drawing room I was decidedly uncomfortable. To add to my uneasiness my hostess followed me down the entire length of the long hall so closely that I almost thought that, in spite of the excellent recommendations I had brought, she feared I might carry away with me some of the exquisite bric-a-brac with which the house was adorned. When I reached the door and extended my hand toward the knob to open it, to my surprise she grasped my outstretched hand and gave it a hearty shake before letting me go out. Even then I did not realize the situation, and it was not until months afterward, when I had become very intimate in this family, that they told me 'how strange' they thought it that day because I did not shake hands with them all as they came into the room and again as I went out."

"Fortunately for me at the very first house I visited after this a very bright woman, who was also staying at the same place, took compassion on my American ignorance and very delicately set me right in this matter."

"The breakfast room was generally the meeting place in the morning, and unless we were very early the hostess was there before us, seated at the head of the table. Etiquette demanded that we shake hands with her first and then with such others of the party as were there before us. Those who came later saluted us in turn, so that when the party was all assembled we had shaken hands with each other. At night, when we prepared to go to bed, the process was reversed, and the hand of the hostess was the last we grasped before we took our candles and wound our way up the odd old stone stairs to bed."

"Then all through the day it always seemed to me as if we indulged in a dissipation of handshaking on every possible occasion, which had a tendency toward evening, when the neighbors were likely to call, to develop into a regular orgy. I remember one evening in particular. We were out in the garden enjoying that hour of perfect twilight which has no counterpart in this country when a party of six from a neighboring house strolled in mere-

ly to exchange a friendly greeting.

Of course we shook hands all round when they came, and for some reason, I forget what now, I began to keep count of how many times I shook on this occasion. I know they did not remain more than 15 minutes, but I think they made one false start, and then at last I know we walked down to the gate with them. Even then, however, when, after they had gone and I reckoned up and found that in that one short call of a quarter of an hour's duration I had shaken hands 24 times, I could not understand it, nor have I ever been able to do so since. I can only think that, in the general excitement, I became confused and shook hands with several of my own party or possibly two or threetimes with myself and did not know the difference."—New York Times.

THE LEPERS.

Those of Molokai Have Many Ways of Occupying Their Time.

Here in this sea girt asylum of people afflicted with the most dreaded of known diseases, from which there is no escape but through the portals of death, is presented one of the noblest and brightest pictures of the glory of Christianity, with its marvels of self sacrifice amid surroundings and under circumstances the most depressing. These poor victims, doomed to the ravages of a disease that completes its deadly work in an average of four or five years, the progress of which is marked with the most significant and destructive precision, can alone appreciate at its true worth the Christian heroism of those who are laboring among them, following in the footsteps of the venerated Father Damien, and ready as he was to accept, if need be, the burden of the disease itself in their behalf. And yet unhappiness does not chill the air of Molokai. Death has lost its terror by reason of its very familiarity, and by the silver lining their faith has given the cloud. The Hawaiians are naturally a light hearted people, and even the shadow of leprosy cannot suppress for long their buoyant temperament.

In Molokai lepers may be found engaged in pleasant pastimes, and among them one may hear the light and cheerful words of greeting and see the sunny smiles. Horse racing, which is a favorite national sport, is indulged in frequently. Nor are the lepers idlers; far from it. They work, while able, in the cultivation of the ground and in other ways, and altogether lead a far pleasanter and more contented life than might be supposed. The improvement of their condition, as compared with what it was when Father Damien took up his residence on the island in 1873, has been chiefly brought about by his influence and the labors of his successors.—Donaboe's Magazine.

No territory where extraordinary mines of precious metals have not been suddenly discovered has got on in the world so rapidly as Oklahoma. In the years since she has been organized she has established a state university, acquired a population of 275,000 and accumulated taxable property to the amount of \$40,000,000. Great prosperity awaits Oklahoma.

It looks as if some very rich gold mines were about to be developed up along the Alaskan line. Hurry up that boundary survey.

International politics promises to be lively in this country, with the Cuban, Venezuelan and Hawaiian questions all pressing at once.

ASPARAGUS ENDORSED

The use of Asparagus in 1 Officially Recognized.

Eminent French Phys Have Found It Valuable

What the U. S. Health says about Sparagus Kidney and their

CURATIVE POW

Asparagus is a kidney tonic. It builds up and invigorates kidneys, and cures them of effects of injuries, overwork.

Doctors agree that Asparagus is good for the kidneys, but an extract with all the medicinal virtues had been prepared by Dr. Hobb prepared it from the special process of his own. He found this so successful made it up into pills, with other ingredients, and used his private practice for years.

This was the origin of Dr. Sparagus Kidney Pills.

French physicians of reputation carefully tested Asparagus in kidney troubles, and consider it valuable.

Now the United States Health, Vol. XXIV, No. 2, has said about Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills:

"Dr. Dio Lewis said: Nineteen cases out of twenty original diseased kidneys, and those who made pathology a study with this eminent physician where the kidneys fail to their functions in any way the system becomes enervated, the body diseased. When the fall to perform their wonted effete and injurious matter in to all parts of the body. The mistaken diagnosis, these systems are often pronounced separate distinct diseases, but as a matter fact they can only be cured by diet which reach and relieve the worked kidneys and strengthen so that they can successfully their part as cleansers of the thereby insuring regularity, and good health throughout the life span.

"Among all the Remedies to perform this much desired and which have been investigated the compilers of these Reports been found that while the much to commend there was desired. It is, therefore, more than ordinary pleasure, most painstaking investigation a long and careful examination results achieved by the remedy upon the market by the Hobb's Kidney Pills, that we present this preparation a kidney par-excellence, and one that speedily and effectually cures cases of the kidneys, whatever origin or name, or however deep seated they may be.

"During a quarter of a century, journalism, during which I have exercised a watchful eye, many of the preparations have their object the cure of kidney cases, we have never come preparation of such merit. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills. By eating Asparagus a slight is had on the kidneys, but the other part of the curative process the plant is not absorbed and waste.

The extract of Asparagus, ever, as prepared by Dr. Hobb, contains all the active curative elements so prepared that they are absorbed and do their work on the kidneys without waste or waste.

Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills cure all kidney diseases and diseases, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Anemia, etc.

They will cure when other will not even relieve.

For sale by all druggists, or prepaid for 50 cents a box.

Write for valuable pamphlet, 'Filter for Four Blood,' free on application to Hobb's Medicine Co., or San Francisco.

Little Pay for Long Lab

"Look here," said the man was in a hurry, to the me-

"You ought to go to work."

"Well, mister," was the full reply, "I've chased fellows for 100 blocks or so a day this week, from 10 in the morning till 11 o'clock at night, passed oftener an' harder day ball umpire, an' average about per week, includin' Sunday. If them ain't long hours and I don't know."—Washington Star.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best salve in the world. Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Hives, Chills, Corns and Eruptions, and positively cures or no money required. It is tested by give perfect satisfaction money refunded. Price 25c a box. For sale by Melville Bros.

The Doctor Took Too Much

"Dear," said the sick man's wife, "I wish you would get er blanket and put it on the think that when the doctor's temperature a minute ago, too much of it."—Indianapolis.

Good advice: Never let house on a journey without of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For Melville Bros., next to p. o. and C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

ALASKA FUR HOUSE.

403-405 ADAMS STREET.
TOLEDO, O.

SUSSMAN & HOFFMAN

Manufacturers of all

Fine Furs!

SUPERIOR QUALITY.
MODERATE PRICES.
LARGE LINES.
EXCLUSIVE STYLES.

Correspondence and inspection in-
vited.

Catalogues sent free of charge on
application.

Respectfully,

SUSSMAN & HOFFMAN.

FAUROT'S OPERA HOUSE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5th.

Wm. A. BRADY'S

Prodigious Production

THE COTTON KING.

Presented here with the same completeness
as at
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
NEW YORK, THREE MONTHS.
BONDON SQUARE THEATRE,
BOSTON, FOUR MONTHS.
MEVICKER'S THEATRE,
CHICAGO, TWO MONTHS.

Revelation in Stage Craft.
Series of Massive Mechanism.
Cotton Mill Scene in Full Operation.
Practical Stage Work.
Company of Pronounced Excellence.

A PLAY THAT DELIGHTS EVERYBODY.

PRICES—25, 50, 75, \$1.00.
Seats at Box Office.

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For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs,
AND POULTRY.

200 Page Book on Treatment of Animals
and Cattle Sent Free.
Fever, Cholera, Indigestion,
Diarrhoea, Stomachic, Milk
Fever, Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism,
Dysentery, Nasal Discharge,
Bleeding from Ear, Wound,
Coughs, Hoarseness, Pneumonia,
Colic or Gripes, Bellows,
Hemorrhages, Hemorrhoids,
H. H. Urinary and Kidney Disease,
H. H. Respiratory Disease, Manure,
H. H. Diseases of Digestion, Parasites,
Single Bottle (over 50 doses) \$1.00
Stable Case, with Specimen Manual,
Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicine \$7.50
See Veterinary Care Oil \$1.00
Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREY'S MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 20 years. The only reliable remedy for
Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,
and Prostration, from overwork or other causes.
60¢ per bottle, or 24 bottles and large trial powder for \$5.
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Favorite STEEL PLATE RANGES

Excel all others, because

They are More Durable

Bake Better

Use Less Fuel.

Every Range Warranted Perfect.

Sold by one first-class Dealer
in every City and Town.

MADE BY
The Favorite
Stove and Range
Company.

Makers of Fine Stoves & Ranges.
Piqua, OHIO.

For sale by F. E. Harman, Lima, O.

CORRECT SCHEDULE

Of the arrival and departure of trains from
Lima, Ohio.

F. F. W. & C.		West.	
7:46 a. m.	.....	8:32 a. m.	.....
8:15 p. m.	.....	8:50 p. m.	.....
8:15 p. m.	.....	8:44 p. m.	.....
8:53 p. m.	.....	1:40 a. m.	.....
9:59 p. m.	.....	1:45 a. m.	.....
L. H. & W.		West.	
7:50 a. m.	.....	8:35 a. m.	.....
8:40 p. m.	.....	8:50 p. m.	.....
1:40 p. m.	.....	8:45 a. m.	.....
OHIO SOUTHERN.			
Depart. South.		Arrive.	
8:30 a. m.	.....	12:30 p. m.	.....
8:44 a. m.	.....	7:30 p. m.	.....

GAMBLE'S GRAFT.

Tells the Council How He Works the Treasury.

As Lima in the afternoon but does not deduct from his bill—Republican Allow It.

City Engineer Gamble, last night, as he was called to account, told council how he had been beating city out of three hours time every day in the month, while he was working at Delphos, and said he did not deduct the time from his bill unless he was gone entire day.

Councilman Standish took his part in the job was put through, and the following members present: Kiplinger, Allen, Kemper, Snyder, Stearns, Standish, Chapin, Van der, McVey and Brotherton.

Why did not the *Republican-Gazette* publish proceedings contain mention the job? That paper knew the water was wrong but did not dare mention it for political reasons.

The city council met in regular session with president Harley in the chair and the following members present: Kiplinger, Allen, Kemper, Snyder, Stearns, Standish, Chapin, Van der, McVey and Brotherton.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

A number of south Main street residents petitioned for an electric light near the south Main street Presbyterian church. It was referred to light committee.

E. W. Jackson asked permission to use a building from Union street High street. Granted.

James McBeth was granted permission to store material in front of post office building, which is to be repaired.

Mayor Smiley reported having received \$179.50 for fines and costs during the past month.

Chief Haller reported 17 arrests last week. Report received and approved.

Report of water works trustees was received and filed.

The finance committee recommended the payment of bills aggregating follows:

General fund.....\$582 17
Water fund.....509 51
Light fund.....127 60
Board of health.....61 47
Library fund.....121 73
Ice fund.....87 40
Local street improvement fund.....543 80
Set fund.....148 70
Sewer fund.....123 85

Total.....\$5718 95

Bill of Ed Cunningham, roddman, amounting to \$34, was before the finance committee, but not a k'd.

The clerk was asked how many days work engineer Gamble had in a month. The clerk stated that he bill was for twenty-six days, at per day.

Mr. Standish said that there were twenty-seven working days in last month and that the engineer had been out one day for a day that was absent. He did not know whether or not the engineer had been sent more than one day.

Mr. Brotherton said that he had been informed that the engineer had been in several days on the Delphos job. He did not think the city of Lima should pay the engineer for time for which Delphos was paying. He moved to lay the bill over until the matter was thoroughly investigated.

The engineer said he had put in the day at Delphos and had taken off his bill. He also said that no one knew how much time he put in at Delphos. He thought he had rendered the city full service for all he had asked. He said that he frequently left here at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and returned at night. He did not deduct from his bill against the city the time put in for Delphos only when he was gone a whole day.

Mr. McVey said he was a member of the finance committee but was not in favor of allowing Mr. Gamble's bill. He said that he was also a member of the street committee but had never known that committee to be able except upon two occasions to let the engineer to go out with them.

Mr. Brotherton's motion to lay Gamble's bill over was lost and a motion to allow the bills recommended by the finance committee was carried, Mr. Brotherton and McVey voting against it.

Contract and bond of Thos. Fennessy for care of garbage ground for the year was accepted.

An ordinance to assess a special tax upon the property abutting upon the public square was given its first reading.

Ordinance to construct a sewer on east North street from the northern terminus of Timberlake sewer was read the second and third time and passed.

The ordinance to extend the corporation line into the Fawcett farm so that Metcalf street can be opened through, was read the third time and passed.

Upon motion the street commissioner was authorized to have stone from Hog creek hauled to the city and broken for street use.

The sidewalk committee recommended the acceptance of two new walks. Report was adopted.

Mr. Standish moved to reconsider the motion of last Monday night in relation to having the Taffinger sewer continued with a stone five feet in diameter.

Mr. Brotherton said it would be a waste of money to build the three-foot brick sewer contemplated by Mr. Standish in making his motion. He also thought that if the sewer be built with stone from Hog creek,

more feet of sewerage could be constructed with the amount of money in the sewer fund belonging to the fourth ward.

Mr. Chapin thought the proposed three-foot brick sewer would cost more than the stone sewer proposed by Mr. Brotherton.

Mr. Standish said that he could get 110 feet of brick sewer under Wm. Crossen's contract, which was rejected a week ago.

Mr. Standish's motion was carried.

A motion to award the contract to Mr. Crossen at his bid was also carried.

Upon motion Mr. Crossen's contract and bond were accepted.

MUSICAL NOTES.

Music contests (Eisteddfod) such as the one held at Gomer last week, and attended by a number of our citizens, cannot fail to raise the ideals of all who attended them. Those who compete must of necessity study more thoroughly the compositions used than is usually done in this age of hurry, when a new piece is to be learned (?) in a week and difficult choral compositions are given in public with two or three rehearsals. With such insufficient preparation, all that is possible is to sing the notes with a reasonable degree of correctness, while the shading necessary to bring out the inner and real meaning of the work is out of the question. In the contests all the details of shading, phrasing and the like are especially noticed, and the result is that a higher ideal of how music should be rendered is reached, and a better kind of singing is insured from that time on. We wish more attention was paid to that popular instrument, the piano, in these contests, for though thousands upon thousands are taking lessons on the piano, very few have an ideal of what a really artistic performance is.

This is due to the fact that the pupils do not hear the best music interpreted by artists as often as they should, for this is the only way a correct ideal can be formed. Only a few with exceptional gifts are granted to us in each age, and we should look to them as high priests of our beloved art. Much is done toward raising the art of ideals by our ladies' musical clubs, by conscientious teachers, in playing for their pupils and in pupils' recitals, where music is explained to them. But a teacher has not the time to devote to his own practice which is necessary to keep his playing up to a high, artistic standard, and it is for this reason that teachers who have the welfare of their pupils at heart work so earnestly to support artists recitals in their town. Pupils should take every opportunity to hear artists on their chosen instruments, for without the high ideal, which can only be gained in this way, their progress is much retarded and results always unsatisfactory.

The Musical Literary Club is doing much to enable the people of Lima to hear the best piano playing our country affords at home. Through the headquarters of National Federation of Musical Clubs they have been enabled to secure the artists at a moderate price, thus making it possible to secure them.

A sketch of E. B. Perry was given in last Saturday's *Times-Democrat*, so it will not be necessary to speak further of him now. Chas. W. Clark is also well known here, as to only need to be mentioned. He has been winning new laurels as a singer since his last appearance here. J. S. Van Cleve is also not a stranger to many of us. In addition to his rare artistic temperament and fine musical ability, he is a most highly educated man in every way, having filled the chair of English literature and other branches in Cincinnati colleges. His lectures and piano playing are both most enjoyable. He also has the distinction of being the finest musical critic of the West. But what shall we say of our own Wm. H. Sherwood, America's representative pianist? A pupil of Kullak and Liszt, he combines in his playing all the qualities that go to make up a perfect artist. He is at present creating great enthusiasm in Europe with his matchless playing.

"Music has a soul as well as a body; a principle within its form of beauty; and its vocation is not merely to please with sweet sounds or astonish with a display of technical skill, but to express and convey a meaning, some thought or emotion suggested by scenes in nature or the experience of life."

It is this which the lecture-recital, as originated and carried out by Mr. Perry and now adopted by all the leading pianists of the country, has for its purpose to make plain. Each number on the program is prefaced with a brief verbal analysis, calling attention to its form, origin, characteristics and general emotional meaning. In this way the music is made intelligible and consequently enjoyable to all.

The Musical Literary Club met at the home of Mrs. F. E. Harman, Friday evening. About twenty-five members were present and a most enjoyable time was had. The second of the Schubert program books was used as the basis of the evening's work, and Miss Luella King carried it away as the prize of the evening. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. H. Ebersole, Wednesday evening, Nov. 13th.

A unique praise service was held at Zion's Lutheran church a week ago last Sunday evening. The following hymns were sung, each being pref-

aced by a historical sketch of the author and circumstances attending its production, with incidents connected with its use at different times: "Now Thank We All Our God" (from the German).

"Before Jehovah's Awful Throne," "In the Cross of Christ I Glory," "Cast Thy Burden on the Lord," "Just as I am,"

"Jesus, Lover of My Soul," "Glorious, my God, this Night," with the doxology, "Praise God from Whom all Blessings Flow."

The pastor had prefaced this with a lecture on "Church Music," two weeks previous.

Remenyi, the world-famed violinist, will be heard here in the Y. M. C. A. lecture course.

America will have this year a number of excellent violinists. Camille Croso has returned, a son of Ole Bull is coming, and Franz Ondriek, the Bohemian violinist, will appear with the New York Philharmonic Society, Nov. 16th.

WENT UP.

Boiler at the Star Iron Works Burst Last Night.

About 6 o'clock last evening, the dome of the stationary boiler at Geo. S. Vicary's Star Iron Works, on Enrekka street, blew out with a terrific explosion, the reports being heard in all parts of the city.

The dome being the top part of the boiler, the force of the steam sent the dome cap straight up through the roof of the shop, which was considerably damaged. There was no one in the shop at the time and the explosion is supposed to have been caused by the boiler becoming dry and the dome being the weakest point, gave away first.

Another boiler was fired up this morning and no delay was occasioned by the accident.

BARTENDER ARRESTED.

Charged With Selling Drinks on Election Day.

About 10 o'clock this morning, the police were informed by a telephone message that a drunken man was in the neighborhood of east Elm street and the railroad bridge, and another party informed Chief Haller that two men had bought drinks at some saloon, notwithstanding the closing law for election day.

The latter found one of the men on Elm street, and was told by him that the drinks had been purchased from a bartender at Chris. Geiger's saloon. While policeman Ulrich was searching for the other man who had bought drinks, George Gurdle, one of Geiger's bartenders, was arrested and taken before the mayor. He pleaded not guilty to a charge of selling liquor on election day, and the case was set for a hearing at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Gurdle was released upon \$50 bond, furnished by Mr. Geiger.

Death Notice.

All members of the A. O. U. W. will meet at their hall, Wednesday, November 6th, at 6:30 a. m., to attend the funeral of Brother P. D. McSweeney. Members living on the South Side can fall in at residence. H. J. LAWLER, C. P.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

Switch engine 43, of the L. E. & W., is in the shops for a new fire box.

Engine 31, of the L. E. & W., has been run into the shops for an overhauling.

Passenger engines 45 and 8, of the L. E. & W., have been run out of the shops after receiving general repairs.

Switch engine 99, of the L. E. & W., has been run out of the shops and sent the Sandusky yards, and engine 4 has been sent here for repairs.

M. H. Burns has resigned his position in the C. B. & D. paint shop.

Will Be in Lima.

The Congregational church have secured the services of the famous "Welsh Ladies' Choir," of Wales, who are on a concert tour through the principle cities of this country. These are the ladies that took the first prize at the World's fair. They will appear in Lima on Dec. 4th, 1895.

Don't Fail

to procure a season ticket for the Musical Literary Club Concert Course.

L. O. Y. M.

The ladies of the Maccabees will meet this evening in Mitchell hall for their next regular review. A good attendance of all members is earnestly requested. By order of LADY COMMANDER.

Teacher of Music.

Piano, Organ, (Technic), Harmony, Thorough Bass. Mrs. W. A. Corbion, from Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. Enquire at Mrs. Wheeler's, West Market.

First Concert

of the Musical Literary Club Concert Course, Monday night, Nov. 4th, at Spring Street Lutheran church. 153t

GAS EXPLOSION.

Low Hunter's Face and One Hand Badly Burned.

Last evening, while at work in the furnace beneath the boiler in the Y. M. C. A. building, Low Hunter, the plumber, was injured by an explosion of gas.

Hunter was repairing a leak in the boiler and had turned off the gas on the outside of the furnace and was certain that no gas was in the furnace before he entered it with a lighted candle. One of his helpers in walking around outside the furnace, stumbled against the gas valve and opened it, and allowed the gas to escape into the place where Hunter was working. The gas accumulated for a short space of time and then ignited from the flame of the candle. Hunter's face and one hand was badly burned, but he was not seriously injured.

I. C. C. F. Notice.

All members of Stella Rebekah Degree Staff are requested to meet in Solar Lodge Hall at 6:45 o'clock, prompt, for practice, to confer the degree at Shawnee Lodge tonight. DELLA BALLINGER, N. G.

BICYCLE RECORD SMASHED.

Arthur Gardiner Goes a Mile in 1:42 2-5 at Fountain Ferry Track.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 5.—The world's record for one mile paced, with a flying start, was broken by Arthur Gardiner at Fountain Ferry track yesterday. Gardiner rode the distance in 1:42 2-5. This breaks Windle's record of 1:46 1-5 made at Hartford, and is 1 4-5 seconds faster than Johnson's professional record. C. R. Conter also made a world's record for the three-quarters paced flying start. He rode the distance in 1:18 1-5. This lowers Johnson's record of 1:21 on the same track in November, 1894.

CHINESE REBELLION.

Li Hung Chang to Take Charge of Government Troops.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 5.—The rebellion of the Dzungars in the northwest portion of China, is extending seriously and now embraces the whole of the province of Kansu. The Chinese government has dispatched all the troops of the garrison of Kashgar to the scene of the uprising and has appointed Li Hung Chang, imperial commissioner extraordinary, to direct measures to suppress the rebellion.

FOR INSURANCE MONEY.

Herman Springstein and Augusta Book Charged With Many Murders.

BERLIN, Nov. 5.—The trial was opened yesterday at Prenzlau of a storekeeper named Herman Springstein and his married sister, Augusta Book, on the charge of poisoning Springstein's wife last March, and also of having committed a series of murders between the years 1888 and 1892, during which period Springstein's parents, Augusta Book's husband, her son and another woman are said to have been poisoned with the view of obtaining the money for which their lives were insured.

Trial of Marquis De Noyre.

BOURGES, France, Nov. 5.—The trial of the Marquis De Noyre, charged with the murder of his stepson, was continued. A former governess to the prisoner's daughter testified that all the misery in the family was due to the sinister influence of the Abbe Rousselet, who wanted to break up the household and thus get the wife's fortune.

Pittsburg's Art Collection.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 5.—The great collection of paintings in the galleries of the new Carnegie Library building was opened yesterday and will remain on exhibition for one month. Critics, collectors and connoisseurs pronounce it to be the most remarkable general assemblage of important paintings ever seen in this country.

False Pretences.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Mrs. Sophia C. Smith, who was arrested for obtaining goods by representing herself to be Mrs. C. P. Huntington, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market court on two charges. Two merchants appeared against her. Mrs. Smith denied the charges and talked in an incoherent way.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$179,977,237; gold reserve, \$9,042,385.

Trampled to Death.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Three little children who were playing on the sidewalk in this city yesterday afternoon were knocked down by a runaway team. Emma Janke, 3, was killed outright by being trampled under the horses' hoofs, and Alfred Lemke, 7, was badly injured. The third child was not seriously hurt.

Forger's Successful Work.

MASSENA, O., Nov. 5.—The forger Smith seems to have operated here very successfully. Every hour brings in reports of additional cases. Each time he gave checks for \$10, and after purchasing about \$1 worth of goods, took change in cash. Four victims have thus far made themselves known.

Only a Suicide.

NIAGARA FALLS, Nov. 5.—At 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon James Haf-fa of Philadelphia committed suicide by jumping from Goat island bridge into the rapids. The body caught on a rock a short distance above the fall, and was hanging there at 10 o'clock at night, but no effort was made to recover it.

Paderewski in Grand Concert.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Ignace J. Paderewski at Carnegie hall last night appeared in the first grand concert of this season in America. He was assisted by the Symphony orchestra, conducted by Walter Damrosch.

NEW CROP BUCKWHEAT

is in town, just in from the mill that makes nothing but pure buckwheat. Ask for **Larowe's Country Buckwheat**, which is all buckwheat, grown in the country, ground in the country, sent sealed from the country to you. Your dealer has it in two, five, and ten pound packages, or write to **LAROWE MILLING CO., Limited, CONNOTON, N. Y.**

Commercial Investment Bank.

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No. 206 and 208 West High Street,

LIMA, OHIO.

Government, State, County, Municipal and School Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages, Commercial Paper, Bank and Industrial Stocks bought and sold. We buy only that which has merit and sell only that which we guarantee.

First National Bank.

LIMA, OHIO

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O. S. BRICE, VICE PRESIDENT.

C. D. OBITES, CASHIER.

F. C. CUNNINGHAM, ASSISTANT CASHIER.

OBITUARY.

The Lima papers have already made a brief announcement of the death and burial of Mr. Henry Mullenhour, but as he was one of the pioneer settlers of Allen county, his friends deem it due to his memory that a short sketch of his life should appear in the county papers; we therefore request the insertion of a brief obituary.

Henry Mullenhour was born in Fairfield county, Ohio, November 26th, 1811. In the year 1832 he came to Allen county, and engaged in his trade of gunsmith. The first shop in which he worked was located on the banks of the creek, just north of Elida, on what was then the Wm. Kuttie farm, now owned by Elias Crites. A few years later he removed to his own farm near by, where he continued his trade and farming until too feeble to work. Here he resided until death, which occurred on the 29th of October, 1895, he having attained the advanced age of 83 years, 11 months and 3 days. In the year 1831 he was married to Miss Lucretia Kitchen, who preceded him to the spirit world about 22 years ago. To this couple eight children were born, six sons and two daughters. Three of the sons also preceded the father to the spirit home.

In addition to three sons and two daughters who survive him, he leaves 42 grand-children and 31 great-grand-children to mourn his death. He united with the Evangelical Lutheran church in early life and remained a faithful and consistent member of the same until death called him to the church on high. He was not only a church member, but a Christian, as both his life and death testify. His old neighbors and associates voluntarily testified to the excellency of his character as a man and neighbor; and the number who attended his funeral attest the estimation in which he was held.

On the 31st of October he was laid to rest in the cemetery of the Salem church beside his wife and children. Mr. Grosjean, of Lima, conducted the funeral, and his pastor, Rev. J. E. Hutton, preached the sermon from 11 Timothy, 1:12: "For I know in whom I have believed, and am persuaded that He is able to keep that which I have committed unto Him against that day." Peace be to his ashes.

COM.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

E. B. Perry,

the famous lecturer and concert pianist; Chas. W. Clark, in a song recital, too well known here to need special mention; J. S. Van Cleve, the noted literateur and musical critic, and Wm. H. Sherwood, America's most representative pianist, will all be heard in the concert course. 15 3t

With every 50 cent purchase Hoover Bros. give you a ticket on 50 prizes, valued at \$750.00.

WANTED.

GIRL WANTED about 15 years old in a family of two. No washing. Inquire at 611 west Market street.

WANTED—A good girl for general house work. Inquire at 115 east Vine street.

WANTED—Trustworthy person to travel Salary \$750 and expenses. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. H. E. Jones, President, Chicago. 24 6t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 5519.
Doc 1.
James Pillars, Plaintiff,
vs.
Stewart Pillars, Defendant.

By virtue of a writ of sale, issued from the Probate Court, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18th, A. D. 1895, Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on west Market street in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to wit:

Lot numbered Twelve hundred and twenty-six (1226) in Section Fifteen, subdivision 1, in the city of Lima, in Allen county, Ohio, save and except fifty (50) feet off the east side thereof, said numbering being according to the new numbering of said lots in said city of Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at \$5000.00.
Terms of sale—Cash.
AARON FISHER, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.
Lima, Ohio, October 11th, 1895.
Mottet & Mackenzie, plaintiff's attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 5485
Simeon J. Mowen, Plaintiff,
vs.
Joseph Askins, Defendant, Court.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7th, A. D. 1895, Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered 4, 159, 4 162, 4 165, 4 172, 4 175, 4 178, 4 181, 4 184, 4 187, 4 190, 4 193, 4 196, 4 199, 4 202, 4 205, 4 208, 4 211, 4 214, 4 217, 4 220, 4 223, 4 226, 4 229, 4 232, 4 235, 4 238, 4 241, 4 244, 4 247, 4 250, 4 253, 4 256, 4 259, 4 262, 4 265, 4 268, 4 271, 4 274, 4 277, 4 280, 4 283, 4 286, 4 289, 4 292, 4 295, 4 298, 4 301, 4 304, 4 307, 4 310, 4 313, 4 316, 4 319, 4 322, 4 325, 4 328, 4 331, 4 334, 4 337, 4 340, 4 343, 4 346, 4 349, 4 352, 4 355, 4 358, 4 361, 4 364, 4 367, 4 370, 4 373, 4 376, 4 379, 4 382, 4 385, 4 388, 4 391, 4 394, 4 397, 4 400, 4 403, 4 406, 4 409, 4 412, 4 415, 4 418, 4 421, 4 424, 4 427, 4 430, 4 433, 4 436, 4 439, 4 442, 4 445, 4 448, 4 451, 4 454, 4 457, 4 460, 4 463, 4 466, 4 469, 4 472, 4 475, 4 478, 4 481, 4 484, 4 487, 4 490, 4 493, 4 496, 4 499, 4 502, 4 505, 4 508, 4 511, 4 514, 4 517, 4 520, 4 523, 4 526, 4 529, 4 532, 4 535, 4 538, 4 541, 4 544, 4 547, 4 550, 4 553, 4 556, 4 559, 4 562, 4 565, 4 568, 4 571, 4 574, 4 577, 4 580, 4 583, 4 586, 4 589, 4 592, 4 595, 4 598, 4 601, 4 604, 4 607, 4 610, 4 613, 4 616, 4 619, 4 622, 4 625, 4 628, 4 631, 4 634, 4 637, 4 640, 4 643, 4 646, 4 649, 4 652, 4 655, 4 658, 4 661, 4 664, 4 667, 4 67



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How to Prevent a Cold.

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Do You Use Lamps?

Then you will be glad to know that there has been invented a lamp chimney that does not break. It is called the **IVORY TOP**. As a means of introducing it where not for sale by the trade, the following remarkable offer is made. Upon receipt of one dollar, our introduction box will be sent, express paid, containing six **IVORY TOP** chimneys, two imported lamp shades of hand-some design, with wire frames, two rotary lamp cleaners, and two wicks. If this more than you need get a neighbor to take him. Give full address, town, county and state.

A little book about lamps sent free.

THE LIPPINCOTT GLASS CO.,
Alexandria, Ind.

The Mikado's Birthday.
The Japanese in the United States, who have for the past year or two observed with festivity the anniversary of their emperor's birthday, will do so with national satisfaction this time. His imperial majesty, Mikado Meiji Hiro, was born Nov. 4, 1852, and it is, therefore, his forty-third birthday his subjects now celebrate. He is a young sovereign as yet untried by the vicissitudes of power. He has been mikado 25 years, while Queen Victoria has been on her throne 55 years, but this plucky young ruler has accomplished what the whole British nation has been unable to do—he has pushed the political power of his hereditary house of lords. Before his time the hereditary lords practically controlled legislation in Japan, as they today practically control legislation in Great Britain, and their influence was wholly against modern reforms, exactly as it is to this day in England. The mikado, being in the beginning absolute ruler, promulgated a decree that the lords should have no more hereditary political power. Then of his own accord he gave his people a constitution and a vote, which they prize today much more highly than some American freemen do theirs.

The question of the lords settled itself in Japan in an easy and graceful way, which is to be commended to England. The lords, being shorn of hereditary political power, simply changed naturally into a social aristocracy, and became the most ornamental creatures in the empire. They still retain their titles and transmit them to their children. England may learn from Japan what to do with her lords. It is questionable, however, if the British lords would be as ornamental as the Japanese nobles are.

ANTI-NERVOUS
ANTI-DYSPEPTIC



MAIL POUCH TOBACCO

No Nerves Quaking
No Heart Palpitating
No Dyspeptic Aching

NICOTINE NEUTRALIZED

Ple is Great.

FOREVER AND A DAY.
How a Southern Congressman Innocently Made a Lifelong Enemy.

"Speaking of stenographers," said a gentleman well known in Washington, who for a number of years represented a Louisiana district in congress, "I once had a secretary, an unusually careful and competent fellow, too, whose slight slip in a typewritten letter to a constituent of mine cost me that gentleman's friendship, a friendship valued much more highly than I can express.

"This is the way it came about: At a time when I was well nigh submerged with committee duties I received a letter from the head of one of the most influential and widely respected families of the state. The residence had just burned down, he wrote me, the loss coming at a moment when it affected his financial matters to no inconsiderable extent. Could he not presume upon our many years of friendship to the extent of asking a loan of \$250, until the insurance companies should settle his claim? I was deeply moved to learn of his misfortune, and immediately dictated, along with a number of other letters, the following lines to him:

"My Dear Sir—I am greatly pained to hear of the calamity which has come upon you. I regret I have not \$250 in available funds at present; will send check in a day or two.

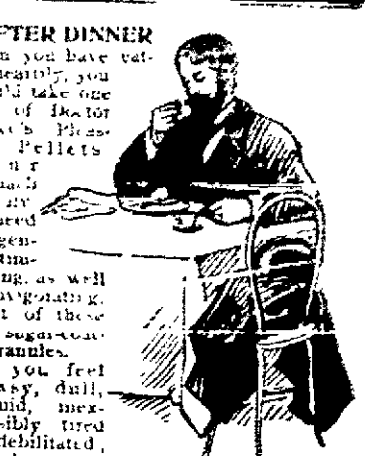
"Trusting enough the check went, but with equal promptness it was returned to me, with no word of explanation. I own I was surprised, but concluded he must have received his insurance money, and the circumstance was gradually forgotten. But it was very forcibly recalled to my mind when next I paid a visit to my home, for he did not call upon me, as he had always been wont to do. On the contrary, he shunned a meeting with me.

"Imagine my dismay upon finding that the letter I had sent him, in the most kindly spirit possible, contained these words: 'I regret I have got \$250 in available funds; will send check in a day or two.' In vain I explained, apologized, implored. To his dying day he never forgave what he termed my studied and unwarranted affront.

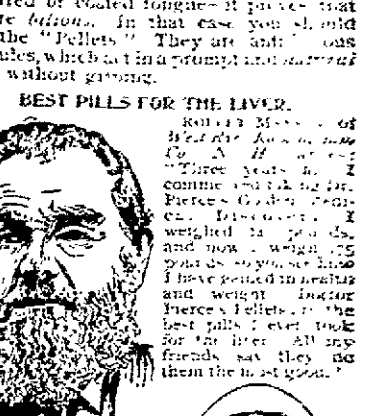
"That is what the touch of a finger upon a wrong key did for me, and for years I have never mailed a letter, long or short, without first subjecting it to the most rigid scrutiny. I tell you, sir, it pays to be watchful in this respect."

—Washington Star.

AFTER DINNER



BEST PILLS FOR THE LIVER.



LIVER PILLS.

DR. J. C. HARRIS, JR.
of New York City, writes: "There is nothing that can compare with Dr. Harris' Liver Pills. They have done more good than any other medicine I have ever taken."

DR. J. C. HARRIS, JR.
of New York City, writes: "There is nothing that can compare with Dr. Harris' Liver Pills. They have done more good than any other medicine I have ever taken."

BETTERING SOLDIERS.
In these terse sentences General John Deatty, one of the most gallant soldiers of the war, tells about Foraker's friendship for the old soldiers:

"While pretending to be a friend of the old soldier he practically ignored him in the distribution of public patronage, and was at the same time especially generous in the bestowal of good gifts upon newspaper men who could write him into prominence, and upon the friends and relatives of those who put up money to secure his nomination and election.

"While encouraging Daves, Kennedy, Morey, O'Neil, Lyon and Lamson to stand as candidates for governor, and while claiming not to be a candidate himself, he secretly used the whole power of the party machine, and the patronage of the executive office to secure his own nomination for a third term.

"He permitted three of his appointees, to wit: Cappellari, Doane and Kurtz to draw salaries from the state treasury while spending most of their time in the party committee room doing party service—service which had mainly in view his own reelection to office.

"He deferred the consideration of most important questions—questions affecting the personal liberty of the citizen—until the close of campaigns in which he proposed to take part, thus making official duty secondary to the performance of party service, and his desire for personal notoriety superior to his official oath.

"He retained W. S. Cappellari in an important office after a senate committee had found by investigation that Cappellari did not give close personal attention to the duties of the office—that his loose method in expenditure furnished no protection to the public, and that he had violated the law of April 4, 1883, requiring that honorably discharged soldiers should be preferred for office. Cappellari, however, was a political trickster, and a setter-up of conventions, and hence invaluable to one who depended upon trickery and packed conventions for his political advancement.

The Plugree Plan.
The system first introduced by the mayor of Detroit, under which vacant lots are allowed to be cultivated by the needy and those out of work, is so simple and has proved so successful that it will undoubtedly be enlarged and modified to suit the wants of most of the large cities of the Union.

In New York city a trial of one or two seasons has shown how successfully the plan works. A plot of 300 acres known as the Ravenswood lots, on Long Island, was cultivated the past summer under the auspices of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor. A late report shows that by the middle of October \$9,000 worth of vegetables had been sold off the grounds and there was yet considerable stock to dispose of. Only the destitute and those who had no money to buy food were allowed to work the ground.

Beans, turnips, cabbages and squash were among the principal products. One man successfully raised a crop of pumpkins, another a pumpkin so large that he could not lift it. The expenses were \$4,000, which would not have been so much except that it was necessary to hire a night watchman to patrol the lots and catch things from being stolen. Human nature is rather a pitiable concern. One of the best results of the experiments was that by their summer gardening a number of the men became fitted to do farm work and have found places accordingly.

Choral Unions.
One lack among the common people of America is the want of musical training. So marked has this always been that at one time it was popularly believed the American people had no singing voice at all. This has been proved a mistake, however, since several of the world's prominent singers in recent times have been Americans. The fact is that the American singing voice is as good as any in the world. It has shown remarkable compass and clearness in the rare instances when it has been properly trained. The time has now come to remedy our national lack. Train the common people to be singers. It can be done through the formation in every town and city of a great choral union. Frank Damrosch formed such a society, with different branches, in New York city, several years ago. The winter is at hand, with its long evenings, and these singing societies will form a never failing entertainment for all. Hardly anybody is too old or young to learn to sing.

The management of such a choral union is very simple. All that is needed is a good, strong teacher, willing to devote a couple of hours each week to a good cause. Damrosch had his singing classes meet on Sunday afternoons. A small fee, 10 cents in the large cities and 5 cents in the smaller towns, would amply pay the expenses. And the results would be mighty.

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DO NOT BE WOOLY



FAULTLESS PEPSIN CHIPS

THE GUM THAT'S ROUND

10 CHIPS 5c

Packing Butter For Winter.
Most farmers do not make dairying a specialty. It is only one of the various industries from which they derive their incomes. The profits from three or four cows do not warrant an outlay for a complete equipment of modern improvements. The average farmer and his wife must make the most of pantries, pans and other dairy appliances at hand. Consumers have learned that butter rapidly deteriorates if exposed to the air; hence small packages are called for. Butter is never so good as when used within one week from the time it leaves the churn. It possesses then a delicate aroma and a peculiar, indescribable flavor, which soon passes away and is never present thereafter, but butter properly made can be kept sweet and in good order for months. The surplus butter can be kept and marketed in winter, when prices are more remunerative.

Get the butter in good condition as soon as possible after churning and packing it firmly in gallon or half gallon jars. Those containing four or five pounds are preferable. When the jars are bought, ask the seller, as he marks the weight of each, to number them so that a record of the amount of butter in each jar can be readily kept. Pack the jar level full, tie a round piece of strong, thick cloth over the top and place it bottom side up in a new, large crock. Do not pack butter made at different times in the same jar, but store only those jars that can be filled at one churning. Make a strong brine, using all the salt the water will absorb, adding to each gallon a teaspoonful of saltpeter and a teaspoonful of granulated sugar. When cold, skim through a wet cloth, lock over the crock. Add more brine from time to time to keep the jars covered two inches in depth. Tie a thick cloth over the crock, protect from dust, and over this place a wooden cover to exclude the light.

Do not keep the crock on the cellar floor even if it is a cement one, but on a platform, if possible, with slats underneath the crock to insure free circulation of air. This will prevent mold forming in the bottom of the crock. It must be said as packed butter, but will bring a good price.

October and November are the best months in which to pack butter for winter home use. Several smaller crocks may be used in which to store the jars rather than use the large crock.

To clean jars and crocks use a soda of hot lime water or strong hot soda water.

A simple method is given by salt marmite men for testing the purity of salt. Take as many clear glass tumblers or goldets as there are samples of salt. Put into each the same quantity of clear cold water. Drop into each tumbler a teaspoonful of salt from one of the several samples and note the immediate results. There will be a scum sediment, or muddy color, varying with the inferiority of a sample. The water showing the least change will contain the purest salt.—American Agriculturist.

Lincoln's Modest Foe.
M. D. Hardin, one of the oldest Illinois lawyers, tells of an instance where Mr. Lincoln was retained to assist two other lawyers in the conduct of a case of the greatest importance. "I will not say now what the case was," said Mr. Hardin, "but it was one of the greatest importance to the state and of importance to the nation. The decision arrived at grows more stupendous in its results every day. Even at the time of its settlement those connected with it knew it meant a great deal, and the two men who had been his colleagues consulted together after the trial as to the amount of the fee to be charged. They decided that \$5,000 was the least they could take and concluded to send their bill for that amount. But they waited for Mr. Lincoln and laid the case before him. They asked him what he thought they ought to charge. He pondered over the matter for a time and finally said he thought his share ought to be about \$50. That was, he thought, pretty good pay, considering that he had only given a little over a day to the case."—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Common People.
As Abraham Lincoln called them, do not care to argue about their ailments. What they want is a medicine that will cure them. The simple, honest statement, "I know that Rod's Sarsaparilla cured me," is the best argument in favor of this medicine, and this is what many thousands voluntarily say.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c.

You Can't Afford to Chance It.
A heavy cold may lead to pneumonia or consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar taken in time affords perfect security from serious results. 50c. Vorkamp, n e cor Main and North streets.

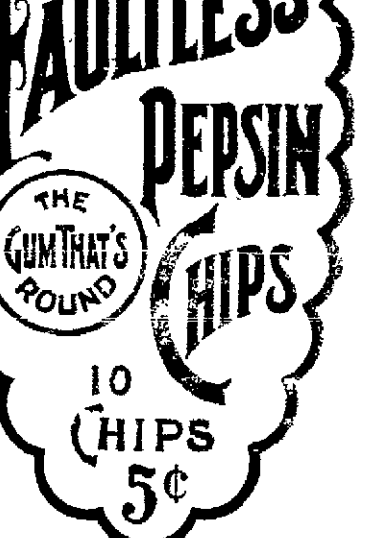
How They Eat.
The following is the daily ration of the animals at the Jardin des Plantes in Paris: Ten pounds of flesh for each lion, tiger and bear; seven pounds for the panther, three pounds to six pounds for the hyena, one pound for the wild cat, and two pounds for the eagle.

There is a "rooking stone" in Sullivan county, N. Y., which is estimated to weigh 40 tons, and which is so evenly balanced that the strength of one finger is sufficient to set it in motion.

The British Medical Journal states that the custom of railway racing must tell upon the drivers and either they must work shorter hours or that greater rest must be had.

In the Ural mountains the peasantry believe that if a wolf sees a man before the man sees the wolf, the man will be struck dumb and remain so as long as the wolf lives.

NERVINE PILLS



DO NOT SUFFER

from Nervous Prostration, Falling of the Hair, Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emission, Stricture, or Undeveloped Organs, Youthful Errors, Excessive Use of Tobacco or Opium? Send by mail for a bottle of NERVINE PILLS, for 25c. Sold at \$1 per bottle for 25c. for 25c. for 25c.

H. F. Vorkamp, 120 North Main and North streets.

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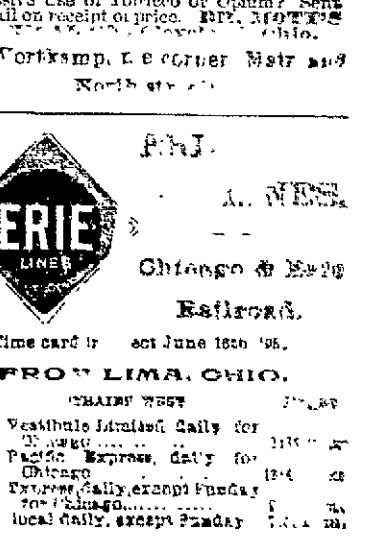
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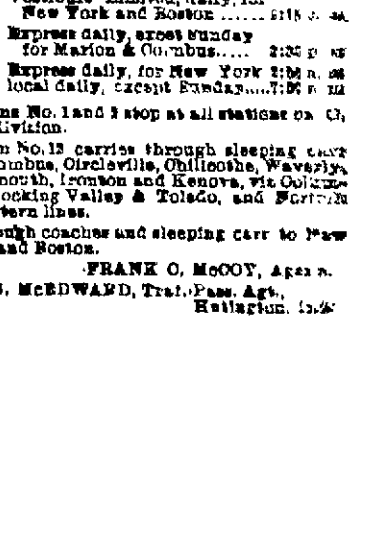
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H. F. Vorkamp, 120 North Main and North streets.

Patent Leather Shoes. Enamel Leather Shoes.

GOODING'S

Cork Sole Shoes. Heavy Sole Shoes.

Are superior in style, fit, workmanship and wear, and are sold at prices that save you money. That's the reason we are doing the business.



GOODING'S, 230 North Main Street.

Our \$3.00 Shoes for men are finer and better than ever. Equal in style and fit to most \$4 and \$5.00 shoes sold elsewhere.

Visit our store and convince yourself at

Deaths were Filed—Early Morning Breeze

ABOUT 2:30 P.M. this morning a fire was discovered in the millinery and dress making establishment conducted by Mrs. P. Queen in the west side of the Payne block on east North street. The fire, which is supposed to have resulted from an over-heated stove, had originated in the store portion of the place, and artificial flowers, ribbons, hats and dress trimming fed the flames and caused them to spread rapidly.

With every 50 cent purchase Hoover Bros. give you a ticket on 50 prizes, valued at \$750.00.

Notice to Merchants. The undersigned wishes to state that he will not be responsible for any debts contracted by his wife from this day and date.

STREET TALK.

The Democratic Headquarters will be in Music Hall to-night. There will be a special wire for the state returns.

The marriage of Mr. Arthur C. Feltz and Miss H. M. Lawlor was announced at St. Rose's church last Sunday. The event will take place

The Central Telephone company will receive the election returns over the long distance telephone and announce the bulletins as they come in, to their various subscribers.

THE VOTE

Will Show a Large Increase Over Last Year

The Democrats Going to the Polls While the Republicans Seem to be Less Enthusiastic

Below will be found the figures of the ballots cast in the different precincts throughout the city this afternoon at the hour the voting places were visited by TIMES-DEMOCRAT representatives. The vote of last year used in this comparative list is the vote at the close of the polls at 5:30 p. m.

First Ward, precinct A—At 1:30 o'clock 155 votes, against 170 last year.

First Ward, precinct B—At 1:30 o'clock 196 votes had been polled. The Democrats claim the only tickets being scratched are Republican.

Second Ward—At 1:30 o'clock 206 votes had been polled, against 296 last year. The vote of both parties was well out.

Third Ward, precinct A—At 1:30 o'clock 290 votes had been polled, against 368 last year. Both parties claim to be getting out their vote.

Third Ward, precinct B—At 1 o'clock 157 votes had been polled, being ten more than at the same hour last year. Democratic gain.

Fourth Ward, precinct A—At 2 o'clock 161 votes had been cast, being 35 more than at this hour last year. Big Populist vote cast.

Fourth Ward, precinct B—232 votes, almost double that at same time last year. Big Populist vote.

Fourth Ward, precinct C—219 votes cast up to 2 o'clock, a gain over last year. Democrats claim benefit of same.

Fifth Ward—296 votes cast up to 2 o'clock.

Sixth Ward, precinct A—At 2 o'clock 297 votes had been polled against 295 last year. Both parties claim the benefit of the gain.

Sixth Ward, precinct B—201 votes cast: the same as at the same hour, 2 o'clock, last year.

Seventh Ward, precinct A—At 1:30 o'clock 232 votes had been cast against 331 last year. The Democrats claimed their vote was coming better than the Republican vote.

Seventh Ward, precinct B—Vote about up to that last year and Democratic gain.

ROYAL Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

COURT HOUSE NEWS. NEW CASES. E. S. Yeakum vs. Thos. Arnold. Equitable relief. They were partners in farming and stock raising business. Ambrose Snyder appointed receiver.

Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Contest and Election Returns. The physical director has arranged a fine programme of gymnastic and athletic events between the members of the association this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be election returns read and an orchestra on hand.

Tickets can be procured at bull for only, ten cents. The lucky individual in the test of the season will be awarded a very fine gold medal for trouble.

Dr. Doty at Burnet House, Nov. The noted specialist, Dr. Doty Columbus, Ohio, cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Headache, Constipation, Nervousness, Palpitation of Heart, Liver, Kidney or Stomach trouble, and Female Weakness. At Burnet House, Lima, Nov. 8 & 9. See him at 11.

Coal—Hard, Soft And smithing coal, at Mayo's

SPECIAL CORSET - SALE CONTINUED TO-MORROW. 69c

The Leading "Dollar" Corsets known as such everywhere, for this sale.

Among them are the popular R & G, Shilling's, J. B., the W. B. (Dress Form), the Chicago Waist, the Ferris Good Sense Waist, the Bicycle Waist and Bust Supporter, &c.

Feldmann & Co. 218 N. MAIN ST. Headquarters for Corsets

The Lima Times-Democrat

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO. ACCOUNTING ROOM, 22 NORTH MAIN ST. TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 54.

TALES OF THE TOWN

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Patrick, of south Metcalf street, a son.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mohr, of south Tanner street, a nine pound boy.

Mrs. Andrew Steuber, who has been seriously ill with heart trouble, is able to be up.

The funeral of Peter D. McSweeney will take place from St. Rose church to-morrow morning at 8:30 o'clock.

The ladies of the Foreign Mission Society of Trinity church, will meet with Mrs. Knisely, on north West street, on Wednesday, for an all day work meeting. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

LECTURE RECITAL

Given by Edward Baxter Perry Last Evening.

The first of a series of high grade musical entertainments to be given under the auspices of the Musical Literary Club, was given before a delighted audience in the Spring Street Lutheran church last evening, by Mr. Edward Baxter Perry. Mr. Perry gave an interesting talk on music at the introduction of the programme and preceded each number with an excellent interpretation of the same as well as a short sketch of the author. The programme was as follows:

Harmonies Postiques et Religieuses. Liszt
Ballade, Op. 47 No. 2. Chopin
Nocturne, Op. 47 No. 2. Chopin
Impromptu, Op. 47 No. 2. Chopin
Fugue, Op. 47 No. 2. Chopin
The Hornet. E. B. Perry
La Locomotive. E. B. Perry
Dance Macabre. E. B. Perry

The Piano Pieces

played during the concert course will all be explained, and thus be enjoyable and intelligible to all. 15 ct.

With every 50 cent purchase Hoover Bros. give you a ticket on 50 prizes, valued at \$750.00

Five First-class Concerts for \$1.50! Procure season tickets from Musical Literary Club members' or at Porter's music store. 15 ct.

ALREADY FELT.

Oil Booming in Advance of Democratic Victory.

This morning at 9 o'clock Purchasing Agent T. A. McLaughlin, of the Buckeye Pipe Line, received a telegram authorizing an increase of five cents per barrel in the price of North and South Lima and Indiana crude oil, the quotations now being as follows:

North Lima, 70 cents; South Lima, 65 cents, and Indiana oil, 61 cents per barrel.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been, or Are Going.

R. V. Jones, of Sidney, was here last night.

Frank Broscher has returned from Springfield.

M. J. Cahill went to Van Wert this morning.

Will McClure, of W. F. Numan's wholesale store, went to Van Wert to-day.

Mrs. Jno. S. O'Connor and Miss Maggie O'Neill spent to-day in Wapakoneta.

Mail carrier Chas. A. Knecht left this morning for Atlanta, Ga., to attend the exposition.

Mrs. Thomas Doyle, of north Elizabeth street, is entertaining Miss Kate Mahoney, of Delphos.

Mrs. Will McClure, of north Elizabeth street, left to-day for a visit with friends in Beaver Dam.

Mrs. F. N. Galerneau has returned from an extended visit with friends in Chicago and Western Indiana.

John and Michael Kearns and son, Willie, have returned from a visit with their sister in Scranton, Pa.

Mrs. M. O'Brien, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Daley, returned yesterday to her home in Ft. Wayne.

Miss Maggie Callahan has returned from a visit in Wapakoneta, accompanied by Mrs. B. W. Layton, who is her guest.

G. W. Sylvia, of Buffalo, N. Y., was in the city to-day. Mr. Sylvia formerly resided here, and for a number of years was a conductor on the O. H. & D.

W. R. C.

Will meet in regular session at 7:30 o'clock this evening in Memorial hall. LAURA LOUTHAN, President. AMELIA DAVIS, Secretary.

MILLINERY WEEK THE METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS C

There is

PROBABLY no period seasonably looked forward to with greater anticipation than the Millinery displays in the store. Every woman possessing to any degree the love of art in dress peculiar to the sex, as a rule, revel in the art productions in headgear without restraint.

Upon Monday

We inaugurated Millinery week. So called, because the six days this week will be devoted exclusively to Millinery offerings. The prices put on Hats, Flowers, Tips, etc., during this period, will be wheels, legs, wings, steam and electricity to them.

Trimmed Hats.

A bit of wire and lining, a few ribbons, quills and ornaments, a little deftness on the part of an artistic trimmer—the fall or Winter Hat is ready. You'd guess the price beyond the usual; it's less. Millinery is mastered here and you are gainers, and there is no doubt that Thomson sets the Millinery fashions in Lima.

Children's Hats.

More lavishly shown than ever; Tan O'Shanter's and others.

Tasty

Headgear at sensible prices. The best Millinery talent we could find has charge of this department. Artists, whose magic touch conjures the humblest stuffs into tasteful beauty. Their genius and our facilities, will bring you more than a dollar's worth for 100 cents.

Attend Our Millinery Sale!

Untrimmed Hats.

Fall shapes in Hats. Crooked Hats, straight Hats, Hats with a turn up or a turn down or a kink here and there. Stylish, every one of them.

Fine Vienna Felt.

Colors, black, brown, green and blue. All the newest shapes, such as Camille, Spartan Lester, Kensico, Passaic and many others. Usual Millinery price, 75 cents. This week's price, 35 CENTS.

Fine Fur

FELT HATS; such shapes as Phyllos Stratford, Suffolk, Niobe and others, the newest creations of the Millinery world. Millinery prices, \$1.25. Price this week, 48 CENTS.

The Clock Hasn't Struck Twelve

In our Millinery business. We have tamed our high pinnacle of popularity around and slide back; we are going to rest on our oars. As great as as good as it is and as honest as it. Millinery business is growing great better constantly. Each sunset leads department with renewed energy for undertakings on the morrow. We a goal of yesterday the starting point day.

Get Acquainted During Millinery Week,

Then make this your Milliner

Dress Shapes.

First quality English Felt. White Flats and DRESS SHAPES, with Fancy edges. Only the best styles, Dashaway, Laurel, Ethel, etc. Millinery price, \$1.40. Price this

THE METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS C

Stores 233 and 235 North Main Street, Lima, O.